

NIGHT FLIGHT—1942

By Quentin Reynolds

Collier's correspondent gets a gunner's-eye view of familiar France and London. Funny the things you think of when you're in a bomber

1,600 horsepower, and both were singing sweetly. I had a helmet on with earphones and a disk through which I could talk to the pilot, whose cockpit was in back and far above me.

Then clouds left the moon alone for a moment and ahead I could see a thin pencil line on the horizon. It grew, and then the jagged cliffs of the French coast, ghostly in the yellow moonlight, appeared. We stayed low because if you are low enough the curvature of the earth prevents radio location. Even the fine ears of the German radio detectors couldn't pick us up when we were flying "wave high," as the pilots call it. We climbed a bit now and swung along and over the coast. There was nothing real about this. No light showed in the miniature towns below. This pilot knew the danger spots and he was apparently avoiding them, for no streaks of red flak came up at us. Then we saw a thin, winding strip of quicksilver and the pilot called cheerfully, "That's the Somme." I was flying over land of rather bitter memory. In late June, 1940, I was sitting in the Ritz bar in Paris, listening to nitwits who kept saying complacently, "Ils n'auront pas Paris. Ils ne passeront pas le Somme." We heard it all over Paris in those days. We heard it from everyone except General Horace Fuller, then military attaché at the American embassy, the most brilliant military strategist I have ever met in half a dozen warring countries. But we never believed Fuller. The French had stopped the Germans once in another war at the Somme. Now? "Waiter, another Pernod-they'll never take Paris. They'll never cross the Somme.

When we foreign correspondents stop being reporters and become prophets, we often become as ridiculous as radio commentators and newspaper columnists in America who so blithely explain away the defeats of British and American arms from a distance of 5,000 miles. We don't do it often, and there are men in London like Raymond Daniell of the New York Times, or Bill Stoneman of the Chicago Daily News, or Ed Beattie of the United Press whose records since the war began have shown that they have dealt only in fact, and never in fancy, and therefore, have never had the humiliating experience of having their guesses come home to roost. But unlike them, I guessed once and I believed the cry of the Paris loafers —"Ils n'auront pas Paris. Ils ne passe-ront pas le Somme."

I thought of that, crossing the Somme, which only two years ago was sluggish and uneasy because of the weight of the French and British blood it carried. We swung to the west, and in the distance red and white streaks bisected the sky and I thought of Coney Island in 1918 when the lifeguards, including me, used to stay behind on Saturday night to watch the fireworks.

"That's Boulogne," the pilot chuckled through the intercommunication.

"Let's get closer," I yelled, because when you live in England you yearn for a few things that Brooklyn has which England doesn't have, and one of them is fireworks. The other is the sight of Leo Durocher, wide-jawed and snarling, telling Magerkurth just where to get off. But we don't even have any equivalent of that magnificent sight in Britain.

drome. Laden as we were with bombs

and with plenty of ammunition for our guns, the speed indicator in front of

me showed 280 miles an hour. We had

3,200 horses pulling us; each motor was

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"No, chum," (Continued on page 44)

