WOODROW WILSON AND THE WORLD WAR. By Charles Seymour. New Haven: Yale University Press, 1922, 383 pp.

An important volume in the *Chronicles of America* Series. The most authoritative statement of the conventional view. It should be compared with Turner.

### Europe

WELTGESCHICHTE DER LETZTEN HUNDERT JAHRE, 1815–1920. By E. FUETER. Zurich: Schulthess, 1921, 674 pp.

Perhaps the best general historical introduction to modern European problems and international relations. An English translation by Professor S. B. Fay is announced by Harcourt.

DIE GROSSE POLITIK DER EUROPÄISCHEN KABINETTE, 1871–1914: SAMMLUNG DER DIPLOMATISCHEN AKTEN DES AUSWÄRTIGEN AMTES. Edited by J. Lepsius, A. M. Bartholdy, and F. Thimme. Berlin: Verlagsgesellschaft für Politik und Geschichte, 1922, six volumes.

The first installment of a monumental and significant compilation of the diplomatic documents in the German Foreign Office. It will compel an extensive revision of the diplomatic history of Europe since 1870. The first six volumes embody the documents down to 1890.

UN LIVRE NOIR: DIPLOMATIE D'AVANT GUERRE D'APRES LES DOCU-MENTS DES ARCHIVES RUSSES. Preface by René Marchand (Tome I, 1910– 12). Paris: Librairie du Travail, 1922, 374 pp.

A very significant work based on recent research in Russian archives. It is important for secret Russo-French relations.

KAISERLICHE KATASTROPHEN-POLITIK. By H. Kanner. Leipsig: Tal, 1922, 468 pp.

It attributes to Austria the major responsibility for bringing on the war of 1914, especially condemning Austrian militarists and chauvinists.

INTERNATIONAL FINANCE AND ITS REORGANIZATION. By E. M. FRIEDMAN. New York: Dutton, 1922, 702 pp.

A thorough compilation of data relating to the financial aspects of the War and Peace of Versailles.

A REVISION OF THE TREATY. By J. M. Keynes. New York: Harcourt, 1922, 242 DD.

A sequel to *The Economic Consequences of the Peace*. It describes how events have vindicated the latter, and suggests a mode of solving the reparations problem.

THE BALANCE SHEET OF EUROPE. By Bass and Moulton. New York: Ronald Press, 1922, 367 pp.

An objective study of the facts of the economic situation in Europe, with particular emphasis on the reparations problem.

WHAT NEXT IN EUROPE? By Frank Vanderlip. New York: Harcourt, 1922, 308 pp.

A somewhat optimistic inventory of contemporary Europe. It advocates devoting the Allied indebtedness to America to the aid of near-bankrupt European states.

EUROPE IN CONVALESCENCE. By Alfred E. Zimmern. New York: Putnam's, 1922, 237 pp.

A notable book analyzing the effect of the events of the last decade upon the politics, economic life, culture and psychology of Europe.

OU VA LA FRANCE? OU VA L'EUROPE? By Joseph Caillaux. Paris: Editions de la Sirène, 1922, 287 pp.

The program of the leader of the French Radicals moderately expressed.

L'EUROPA SENZA PACE. By Francesco S. Nitti. Florence, 1921. English edition, London: Cassell and Co., 1922, 281 pp.

The former Italian premier presents his case for Italy's return to Crispi's policy of thorough-going partnership with the Germanic states.

KIEL ET TANGER, ET LA REPUBLIQUE FRANCAISE DEVANT L'EUROPE. By Charles Maurras. Paris: Nouvelle Librairie Nationale, 1921.

French diplomatic policy during the past half century interpreted to support royalist theories of government.

THE POMP OF POWER. Anonymous. New York: Doran, 1922. 360 pp.

One more volume on war and politics for those who delight in "inside" history, and especially in guessing at the name of the author. It is well written, judicial in tone, and apparently (more is not necessary) well informed.

A HISTORY OF THE PEACE CONFERENCE OF PARIS. By H. W. V. Temperly. London: Frowde and Hodder and Stoughton, 1921, Vols. IV-V, 528 and 483 pp.

A continuation of the standard history of the work of the Peace Conference. Vol. IV treats of the disintegration of the Dual Monarchy and the rise of the new states which succeeded it. Vol. V deals with the economic clauses of the Treaties, and the provisions for the protection of minorities. The quality of its chapters is uneven.

SECOND YEAR BOOK OF THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS. By C. H. Levermore. Brooklyn: Daily Eagle Press, 1922.

Continuing the author's excellent survey of the organization of the League and its operations.

COMPARATIVE TABLES OF HISTORICAL EVENTS FROM 1878 TO THE OUTBREAK OF THE WAR IN 1914. By William Hohenzollern. Leipzig: Koehler, 1922.

An apologia by means of a revival of the historical methods of Eusebius' Chronicle.

HISTOIRE DES VIOLATIONS DU TRAITÉ DE PAIX. By Dr. Lucien-Graux. Paris: Crès, 1921, Vol. I, 384 pp.

The first volume of an important pro-French work.

THE ORIGINS OF THE WAR. By R. Poincaré. London: Averell, 1922. The French Premier's account.

LA CRISE DES ALLIANCES. By A. FABRE-Luce. Paris: Société d'Etudes et d'Information Economiques, 1922.

An account of Franco-British relations from 1909-1922. An interesting discussion of the decay of the Entente Cordiale.

LE FOND D'UNE QUERELLE: DOCUMENTS INÉDITS SUR LES RELA-TIONS FRANCO-ITALIENNES, 1914-21. By C. Sabini. Paris: Grasset, 1921. A collection of documents on an interesting subject.

DEUTSCHLAND'S AUSSENPOLITIK VON BISMARCK'S ABGANG BIS ZUM ENDE DES WELTKRIEGES. By Veit Valentin. Berlin: Deutsche Verlagsgesellschaft für Politik und Geschichte, 1921, 418 pp.

The most important German summary of the war and its diplomatic background which has yet appeared. Relatively objective and impartial.

DIPLOMACY AND WAR. By Count Julius Andrassy. London: Bale and Danielson, 1921, 323 pp.

These important memoirs constitute a frank defense of the policies of the central European powers and a denunciation of democratic tendencies.

DER UNTERGANG DER DONAU-MONARCHIE. By Baron J. von Szilassy. Berlin: Berger, 1921, 425 pp.

The author assigns responsibility for the war to the general prevalence of militarism and chauvinism in Europe, though denouncing the militaristic and nationalistic elements in Austria-Hungary for precipitating it. The study is most valuable for its revelation of much new material on the relation of Berchtold to Serbian policy.

DOCUMENTS ALLEMANDS RELATIFS A L'ORIGINE DE LA GUERRE. Paris: Costes, 1922, four volumes. 339, 243, 217, 256 pp.

A French translation of the important Kautsky documents.

THE SECRET TREATIES OF AUSTRIA-HUNGARY, 1879–1914. By A. F. Pribram (English edition by A. C. Coolidge). Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1921–1922, two vols., 308 and 271 pp.

A collection of importance.

RUSSIAN FOREIGN RELATIONS DURING THE LAST HALF CENTURY. By Baron S. A. Korf. New York: Macmillan, 1922, 227 pp.
Scholarly but conventional.

RUSSIA, TODAY AND TOMORROW. By P. N. MILIUKOV. New York: Macmillan, 1922, 392 pp.

An analysis of contemporary Russian problems by the leader of the Constitutional Democratic party.

THE NEW POLICIES OF SOVIET RUSSIA. By Lenin, Bukharin and Rut-Gers. Chicago: Kerr, 1922, 127 pp. Authoritative apologia.

PROBLEMI DI POLITICA NAZIONALE. By A. CARONCINI. Bari: Laterza, 1921, 304 pp.

A collection of articles published in reviews on various phases of Italian policy.

LA TCHÉCO-SLOVAQUIE. By L. EISENMANN. Paris: Rieder, 1921. Probably the best work available on Czechoslovakia.

GREATER RUMANIA. By C. U. Clark. New York: Dodd, Mead & Co., 1922, 477 pp.

An uncritical account of the geography, peoples, resources and recent history of Rumania. Distinctly pro-Rumanian.

LE ROYAUME DES SERBES, CROATES ET SLOVENES. By A. Mousset. Paris: Bossard, 1921, 316 pp.

The best work which has yet appeared on the Jugoslav state.

THE NEW MASTERS OF THE BALTIC. By ARTHUR RUHL. New York: Dutton, 1921, 239 pp.

An interesting work on the new Baltic states.

L'ESPAGNE VIVANTE. By E. Joliclerc. Paris: Roger, 1921. The best recent book on Spain.

## The British Empire

A SHORT HISTORY OF BRITISH EXPANSION. By J. A. WILLIAMSON. London: Macmillan, 1922, 647 pp.

A serious historical work.

THE WAR GOVERNMENT OF THE BRITISH DOMINIONS. By A. B. Keith. Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1921, 353 pp.

One of the early volumes of the great Carnegie Endowment Social and Economic History of the War.

THE FUTURE OF THE INDO-BRITISH COMMONWEALTH. By J. C. Wedgwood. London: Theos. Publishing House, 1922.

An anaysis of contemporary issues by a well-known radical.

THE CRUMBLING OF AN EMPIRE. London: Indo-British Association, 1922, 100 pp.

Severe and well-documented indictment of British policy in India since 1916.

#### The Near East

NEAR EASTERN AFFAIRS AND CONDITIONS. By S. Panaretoff. New York: Macmillan, 1922, 216 pp.

An exposition of Balkan history, politics and diplomacy from the standpoint of a scholarly Bulgarian.

LE KEMALISME DEVANT LES ALLIES. By Michel Paillares. Constantinople: Edition du Bosphore, Pera, 1922, 488 pp.

A Grecophile account of the Turkish Nationalist movement from 1919 to 1922. DIPLOMATIE ET PRESSE DANS L'AFFAIRE GRECQUE. By S. Cosmin. Paris: Société Mutuelle d'Edition, 1921, 313 pp.

The story of events in Greece during the war expounded by a partisan of King Constantine.

THE TURK AND EUROPE. By G. Gaillard. London: Murby, 1922, 408 pp. A translation of an important work.

# Africa

L'AFRIQUE ET LA PAIX DE VERSAILLES. By E. Antonelli. Paris: Grasset, 1921, 258 pp.

A sketch of European colonial possessions in Africa in 1914, with a brief account of the war in Africa and the redisposition of African territory at the Peace Conference.

L'A RÉVOLUTION ÉGYPTIENNE. By M. LABRY. Paris: J. Vrin, 1922, 277 pp. An important work from the standpoint of a scholarly Egyptian nationalist.

THE DUAL MANDATES IN BRITISH TROPICAL AFRICA. By F. D. Lugard. London: Blackwood, 1922.

A fair discussion of social, economic and cultural, as well as administrative and diplomatic problems.

### The Far East

ASIA AT THE CROSSROADS. By E. A. Powell. New York: Century, 1922, 369 pp.

A journalistic sketch of contemporary civilization and international problems in Japan, Korea, China and Philippines. Good popular introductory treatment.