FILM

Do low budget films have to be lousy?

Drive-ins are big business, especially in climates where they can operate all year long. They have become the training ground for young filmmakers who must work on small budgets and limited time schedules.

The normal drive-in feature is either a series of harrowing chase sequences, a horror film, or soft or hard core sex. There are also occasional left-overs; higherpriced productions that didn't sell on their first runs (like Twilight's Last Gleaming, which had a last gasp on the *al fresco* circuit) or productions that are being run through the last commercial wringer before being sold to TV (like Taxi Driver.)

Now and then a film made for the drive-in market graduates to exhibition in what are called "hard tops." (The Texas Chain Saw Massacre is an example.) Actually there is no reason why lowbudget, action films can't be vital and interesting enough to show anywhere, but as things are now they are usually inferior in every respect.

Black Oak Conspiracy is typical of the genre. The film stars Jesse Vint, who also wrote it and produced it—an effort that bears superficial resemblance to Silvester Stallone's. (Both men toughed it out alone to keep control of a script in which they believed. Unfortunately for Vint, the parallel ends there.)

The plot of Black Oak Conspiracy consists of elements used in film melodramas since the form came into being. The hero, in this case a stunt man, returns to his home town, uncovers a plot by evil mine owners to steal his old mother's home, sets about to foil the villains, falls for a sexy local lady, fights with his fists and some shooting irons, drives cars like crazy, and finally leaves. town with the lady whose heart he has won by his good looks, loval heart and derring-do.

The acting is ineffective. The dialogue is cliche-ridden. The editing and camera work do not improve things. And none of this can be laid to the door of a low budget. Harlan County U.S.A.



Black Oak's Karen Carlson was made on a low budget too.

The trouble is that what's left of the film industry in Hollywood does not trust new ideas or unorthodox politics. It prefers to go on producing films that are "easy to market" because they are laced with cheap thrills and gratuitous violence, guaranteed to evoke visceral participation. And if Black Oak Conspiracy isn't enough to prove that generalization, I offer a few more examples, all seen at drive-ins within the last two weeks: Meatcleaver Massacre, Tender Flesh, Nashville Woman and The Farmer.

And north of the Mason-Dixon Line the drive-in season is just starting.

-Joe Heumann

Joe Heumann teaches media-related subjects at Eastern Illinois University and writes regularly for In These Times.

BOOKS

Sexual rebellion is not the revolution

Non-fiction with commentaries of three days and nights in the sexual underground. THE SEXUAL OUTLAW By John Rechy Grove Press, \$8.95

The Sexual Outlaw is an autobiographical treatment of gay life in Los Angeles by John Rechy, author of City of Night, a bold book, sensitive and infused with well-grounded rage.

Billed as a "non-fiction, with commentaries, of three days and nights in the sexual underground" the book is a collage. There are vivid descriptions of dozens of sexual encounters by a promiscuous male hustler and selections of newspaper accounts, court records and short essays that document continual brutalization of gavs by the forces of law and order. The juxtaposition of outrageous assaults on gays with official reports of the escalating statistics on serious crime make the point about the effect of this kind of law enforcement.

Rechy is at his most perceptive when he examines the motivations behind these tactics, both personal (on the part of police officers with some doubts of their own masculinity) and departmental (the use of such attacks on gays to swell arrest figures). He is also aware of the symbiosis between police oppres-

ASSIFIED

sion and the subcult of sado-masochism in one segment of the gay world, arguing that gays who dress in police leathers and carry regulation handcuffs represent a turning inward of the guilt and self-hate that is the negative side of gay life.

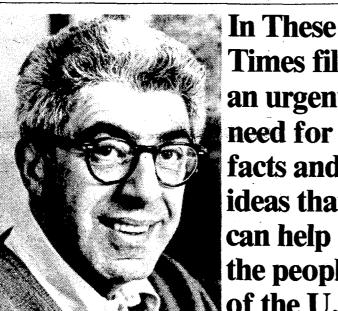
Less perceptive is his analysis. -or failure to analyze-his experience in the context of the oppressive society. By his own account, his sexual relationships, including prostitution, are govverned by a complex of manipulations and power trips, with cash as the final arbiter. Not unlike heterosexual relations, and not surprising given the society in which these things occur!

One wonders at Rechy's claim that gay street life is the battleground of the sexual revolution. There is certainly rebellion in the massive affront to traditional mores. But for a revolution, even a sexual one, seeds of more humanistic alternatives must be present.

On this equation of rebelliousness with revolution-reminiscent of the more puerile proclamations of counterculturists of the '60s-Rechy's book and his argument flounders. There is a place for gay liberation in the mosaic of human liberation. But it should not spring from patterns shaped by the capitalist war of all against all.

-Stephen J. Richard Stephen J. Richard is a writer/

graduate student in Los Angeles.



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learn how to govern their own future.

> -Barry Commoner author, The Poverty of Power

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IN THESE TIMES JULY 13-19, 1977 23

FILM

Scorsese scores low with film about films

NEW YORK, NEW YORK Directed by Martin Stanser, Starrug, Robert DeMins and Lizza

Minneth Screenplay by Hart Maxrauch and Mardik Martin

Martin Summer's New York, Mew York commel with the kind of hoopie the Rip Amin base't seen for years. The dileton of Meen Streets, Alice Example Live Here Anymore, and Thei Meiver, the 34-year-old prodigy of the NYII fim school had made itall the way from New York's litthe Italy to Hollywood, USA.

New Kina, May York is a mythic recention of the city through the musicule of the bits '40s and carly 'Sh R is a film about a genre that has fulles on bud innes. It is a film that hies with only partial auccess to recycle old cliches for a contemporary audience H is u bis film, arresting in its energy, disappointing in what it says.

Like Tuxi Driver, Scoresse's latest work opens on a grand scale. His vision of V-J Day and the Biltmore Hotel bullroom, recreated from newsreet tootage and the set pieces of contemporary movies is panoramic. Figures pulsate to the throb of Big Band sound, their dimensions magnified, blurred into animated and dehumanized masses. In the tickertape and jitterbugging rituals,

A recreation of the city through '40s musicals, arresting in its energy, disappointing in what it says.

Scorsese catches the frenzy of a collective orgy.

The visual texture of the '40s is created through objects photographed like museum pieces in close-up; shoes; a sax, glistening in the first moments of a euphoric high; refuse trampled and abandoned in gutters; pompidours and shoulder pads. Scorsese makes them bigger than life, symbols of an era.

Boy sax player Robert DeNiro meets girl singer, Liza Minnelli. Their marriage and divorce take place against the background of the Big Band era. The competition that develops between them and Minnelli's growing success drive them apart. As in most of Scorsese's films, the story line is weak, the plot an excuse for his visual fantasies. Indeed, the last half hour is a string of production numbers devoid of connecting narrative.

Few or Scorsese's films are completely scripted. He relies on improvisation to evoke the patterns of everyday speech and a sense of raw authenticity. But the musicals of the '40s were famed for their quick repartee and witty one-liners. The improvised dialogue in New York, New York falls flat. Its endless repetitions are boring rather than clever, the comic devices silly rather than sophisticated.

The film's greatest disappointment is its characters. Liza Minnelli, as Francine, the big band singer and Judy Garland lookalike, does her best to breathe life into a role that remains a composite of its originals. Robert DeNiro as Jimmy Doyle merely repeats his mannerisms as Johnny Boy in Mean Streets and Travis Bickle in Taxi Driver. Part-clown, part-crazy, he defies credibility both as a jazz artist and as a man torn by his love for a woman and his fear of her as his competitor.

Like virtually all of Scorsese's autobiographical characters, Jimmy is a bull in a china shop, his attitude that of a punk kid of the '50s seething with inchoate rage. Mistrustful of the order and respectability associated with a middle-class lifestyle, he flails irrationally at its symbols.



Liza Minnelli looking like her mother in New York, New York.

bols—woman—becomes the butt of Scorsese's fusion of violence and machismo. In the film's most gripping scene Francine and Jimmy come to blows. Physically confined (not only are they married, but Francine is seven months pregnant), Jimmy's anger must be purged by violence.

The arresting quality of Mean Streets and Taxi Driver comes from the fusion of myth and the nervous energy of the New York streets. With New York, New York Scorsese is dealing with the simulated experience of charac-

The most potent of these sym- ters whose originals existed only in film. It is a movie about other movies, true only to life as distilled on the screen. There are no mean streets, only Hollywood sets. The film abounds in cinematic references intended for insiders and film buffs only. But the larger question-what relationship a film made today bears not only to the film myths of the past but to real life then and now-is never asked.

-Lynn Garafola

Lynn Garafola reviews regularly for In These Times.

All-Star (Wars) escape extravaganza

STAR WARS

Written and Directed by George Lucas Production designed by John Berry

Director of Photography, Gilbert Taylor

Distributed by 20th-century Ceartury Fox, rated PC

Stur Wars, which opened in 43 key cities a little over a month ago, is racing to break all attendance records. If the decibel level of audience enjoyment were measured, Star Wars would broak those records as well It has become a national event. Twentieth Century-Fox shares have lifted



Chew Bacca, the seven-foot Wookie co-pilot, is the most engaging creature since the Cowardly Lion, whom he vaguely resembles.

oppressors, like Knights of the Round Table, to liberate the Princess and remove the threat of the Death Star from the Universe, Han Solo is accompanied by one of the most engaging creatures since the Cowardly Lion, whom he vaguely resembles. He is a seven-foot Wookie named Chew Bacca, a cross between Baum's lion and a bashful creature from the Planet of the Apes.

The "bad guys" are an undifferentiated set of military men (except for the Black Knight out of Tolkien). However they wield enough technical-type menace to keep us in suspense, not so much

skyward on the stock market. Everybody's happy.

Star Wars is George Lucas' first picture since his very successful American Graffiti and his second sci-fi pix. It's a very grown up little boy's space fantasy, a romantic tale told by an adult iny with his tongue in his cheek. Unlike Stanley Kubrick's 2001. Star Wars is not a parable or a morality tale; nor is terror central to the theme. You are clearly meant to have a great time and not take it all too seriously.

Time takes on an clastic quality as a rolling title tells us that this is a story of a long ago time and place (the year 2728), after the galactic wars had ceased and the 'dark'' times had come to a far off galaxy. Suddenly, we are streaking through space in the Starship of the Princess Loia Organa (Carrie Fisher), read the homecoming queen of Lemon Grove, California. She is on her way back to her hunne planet of Alderaan, carrying the secret plans of the Death Star, which



is the GHQ of the oppressing Imperial Forces of the Galaxy.

On the spaceship with the Princess are the scene-stealing stars of the show, a pair of robots named C3PO and R2-D2. C3PO looks like the Tin Woodsman of The Wizard of Oz except that he's golden and speaks with a British accent. Fussy and consumed with anxiety (programmed for protocol), he moves gracefully and expressively so that we identify with him very quickly. C3PO's companion, R2-D2, looks like an oversized commercial vacuum cleaner and speaks in squeaks, whistles and bleeps. He spins his top and flashes lights when his fun. There is a scene in an intercircuitry gets overheated and galactic bar where an incredible manages to communicate understandably in an inverted electronic language. The pair are the best comic team to come along since the Universe. It's a racy, danger-Laurel and Hardy or Abbott and ous place. The audience loves it Costello; they partake a bit of and there is something ineffably both.

C3P0 and R2-D2 are machines only in the sense that they are made of metal and wiring instead of flesh, bones and blood. (Will computers eventually think and feel?) They move very independently in a landscape littered with remnants of ancient science fiction artifacts, rusting rockets, robots, skeletons of strange monsters. George Lucas is saying to us, "See, you have been here before, but wait!-I have wonderful things in store for you!" And with each innovation he unveils, the audience shrieks with delight. The more imaginative, the farther out, the greater the assortment of mutants (mixing animal, human and technical forms) is gathered from all over dience given over to "the willing suspension of disbelief" and the positive commitment to enjoyment.

The film's flesh and blood adventurers are Luke Skywalker (Mark Hammill) a pure innocent youth (read farm boy), Han Solo (Harrison Ford) who is a freelance pilot in it all for the money (read itinerant cowpunch); and Ben (Obi-wan) Kenobi, played by Alec Guiness as a cross between Michaelangelo's Father God straight off the ceiling of the Sistine Chapel and a Zen mystic straight off his mountain. Ben is possessed of the *force* which he passes on to Luke in due time, but not before he has dueled with the forces of evil using laser beam swords and other up-to-the-future hardware, and has himself moved over into another mode of existence.

Obi-Wan, Luke and Han Solo satisfying in being part of an au- sally forth to do battle against the

over what will become of the good guys as what will be the next miraculous effect?

It is the magic show special effects aspect that delights the audience most. When our starship goes through the galactic timespace barrier with a great sucking whoosh and the stars converge into a black hole, the entire theater goes oooooh! At the end of the film there are more than two minutes' worth of technical credits for sound, animation, production design, costuming, etc. These folks are the ultimate stars of Star Wars; their achievement: two hours and three minutes of entertainment without sex or gore.

Post scriptural reservation: the WWII dogfight and strafing runs at the end of the picture are the only moments when George Lucas seemed to run thin on imagination. But why carp?

-Mavis Lyons

Mavis Lyons is the regular film reviewer of In These Times.