



### THE VILLAGE CHURCH

BY RICHARD BURTON

BESIDE THE ARCHING ELMS IT STANDS, AS IT HAS STOOD SINCE DAYS OF YORE, WHAT TIME THE FATHERS RAISED THEIR HANDS TO GOD, THOUGH BOUND IN IRON BANDS,— DID PRAISE AND WORSHIP AND IMPLORE.

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THE AIR IS PURER NOW; THE STREET LEADS CHURCHWARD CHEERILY; ABOVE THE SINNERS' SIGH UPRISES SWEET SUCH SONGS TRIUMPHANT AS ARE MEET WHEN LAW IS GLORIFIED BY LOVE.

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25 November, 189;

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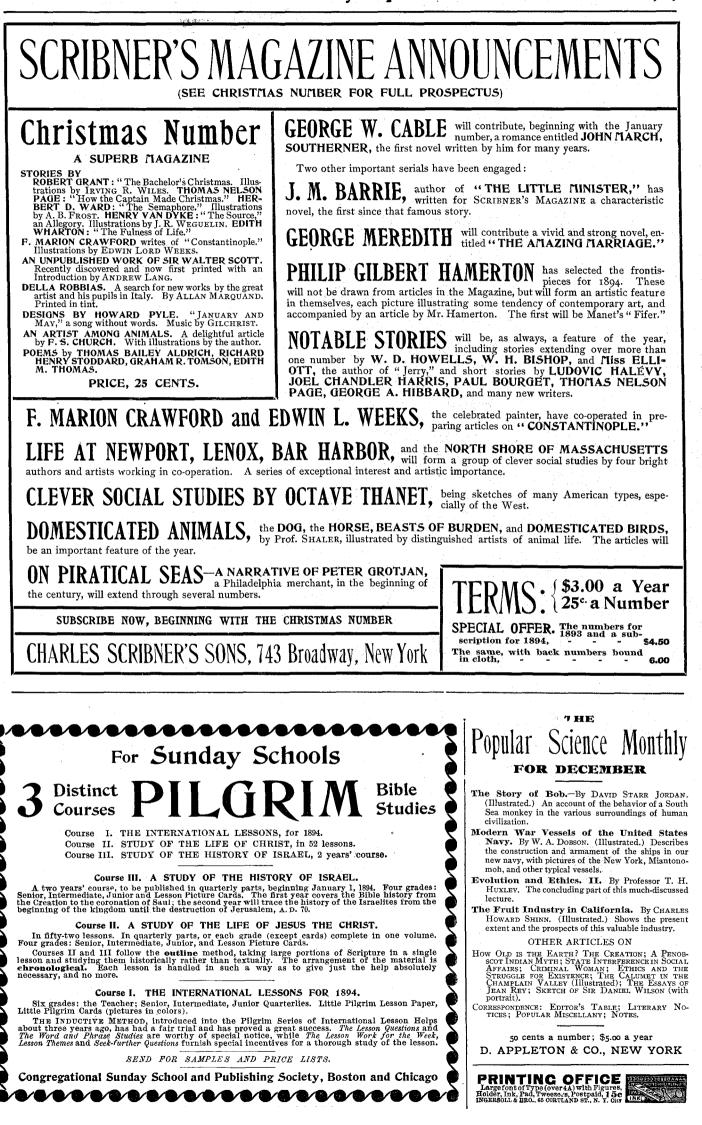


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The Outlook

25 November, 1893

### How Little Mary Bayne Got the Better of His Majesty the Turkey Gobbler

Our Advertising Man's Thanksgiving Story for the Little Girls and Boys



and seemed really to enjoy the fear he inspired in little Mary Bayne's heart.

Mary Bayne's heart. One morning my friend Mr. Bostwick, who was a great crony of Mary's, saw his little protégée furtively looking out of the window, and said : "Why don't you go outside, Puss, and enjoy this lovely day on the lawn?" She turned a very sober face toward him and whispered : "The Turkey Gobbler !" He took the whole story in at a glance, and said, "Why, Mary Bayne, has that insolent fellow been trou-bling you? Just take my hand, and we will go out and teach him a lesson." Hand in hand they went toward the lawn but as ther

Hand in hand they went toward the lawn, but as they hand in hand they went toward the lawn, but as they passed the door little Mary Bayne drew out her hand and fell back, while her brave defender went on right toward His Majesty, who was, as usual, moving around in grand fashion, scraping the ground with his wings, and seeming to think he would be as overpowering to Mr. Bostwick as to the little girl; but, to His Majesty's surprise, Mr. Bostwick, not a bit frightened, said in a loud voice: "See here sir you are a mean bird! You come in

Supplets, into bottwick, not a bit Hightened, said in a load voice:
"See here, sir, you are a mean bird! You come in here where you don't belong. Now, stop this business! Get away from the lawn, and don't you frighten little Mary Bayne again—for if you do, I will have an account to settle with you. Get out, sir !"

His Majesty was evidently taken by surprise at such an address. He lifted up his dragging wings, folded his tail-feathers, and with dignity strolled off toward the barn. Mr. Bostwick, turning, said:
"Now, Mary Bayne, see how he goes? You can play away to your heart's content."
"Yes, sir, but—he will come again."
"Mary Bayne, if that insolent fellow comes back to trouble you, come right to me, and we will attend to his case."

An hour later, Mr. Bostwick, busy with his paper, was conscious of a movement at his elbow, and heard a sharp whispering, "*He is here*!" Throwing down the "Tribune," he said: "Well, now, this shall be stopped. Come right

Well, now, this shall be stopped. Come right along with me, Mary Bayne, and we will teach His Majesty a lesson this time he won't forget."
So hand in hand they started for the lawn, Mary Bayne now cautiously marching out with him over the grass directly in front of the proud
b d who had been in full feather of glory; but as he saw Måry Bayne appear with her protector he really seemed a little nervous.
Mr. Bostwick spoke this time very sternly.
"Are you here again, Mr. Turkey Gobbler? Didn't I tell you to keep away from the lawn? This is little Mary Bayne's playground, and you have no business here; and, besides, you are no gentleman of a Turkey. What sort of manners is it to be frightening a little girl? Now, I tell you once for all, don't you dare to come here again this summer! Hence! Scat! Begone! Skedaddle!"
The effect of this speech was very marked on His Majesty. The tail drooped, the wing feathers all came up together, the comb lost its color, and, turning quickly around, the Turkey Gobbler (no longer His Terrible Majesty) dropped his head and started on a dead run for the barnyard. No Turkey Gobbler could ever for a moment pretend to be imposing, dignified, much less terrible, when he was playing the part of a coward, and running away with all his might; and little Mary Bayne, standing by the side of her friend and deliverer, clapped her hands and laughed merrily to see the ignominious retreat of her old, and once feared, enemy.
Are Turkeys ever ashamed? As to that I can't just say; but certain it is, His Terrible Majesty never seemed to find any pleasure in coming to the lawn through the rest of the summer, and little Mary Bayne felt more like laughing than crying whenever she saw him in the distance.

Our Advertising Man finds more pleasure in greeting the little folks at Thanksgiving time with a story than in using this page in a strictly professional style. So he only ventures in this corner to remind housekeepers that a slice of delicious Ham, just broiled to a turn, or a dainty sliver of Breakfast Bacon, furnishes a most appetizing relish with Flesh, Fish, or Fowl. He trusts all your tables will be regularly supplied with the FERRIS charming brand, which many enthusiastic housekeepers declare are "The Best in the World."



2 5 November, 1893

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The Outlook

25 November, 1893



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NEW SERIES OF THE CHRISTIAN UNION

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#### The Week

HE latest official news from Hawaii, arriving here by steamer and by telegram across the continent, on Saturday, November 18, gives no further information on the situation there, except the bare announcement that Minister

Willis has presented his credentials to President Dole, of the Provisional Government, expressing in the ordinary form from the President " renewed assurances of the friendship, interest, and hearty good will which our Government entertains for you and for the people of this island realm." It appears to us quite incredible that the presentation of such an address should be forthwith followed by a declaration of war against the Provisional Government, requiring it in the name of the United States to abdicate and give place to the deposed Queen. It is, indeed, reported in the press that Secretary Gresham takes the ground that the Provisional Government was constituted only for the purpose of securing annexation to the United States, and, therefore, that when Minister Willis announces that annexation to the United States is impossible, the Provisional Government will de facto lapse, and the old Government be, without formal action, legally reinstated. This appears to us at best a very academic view, and it is not one which will be likely to commend itself to, or be accepted by, the Provisional Government. If any confidence can be placed in newspaper reports, the Provisional Government has a wellarmed and well-drilled, though very small, force, quite adequate to resist any endeavor which the Queen may make to oust the Provisional Government and reinstate her own; and it also appears to be certain that President Dole will not dissolve the Provisional Government, or give place to the Queen, except in response to such a demand of the United States, accompanied with such a show or threat of force, as will be tantamount to a declaration of war. That the Administration intends any such action as this appears to us incredible, and would be so wholly unbelievable as not to be worthy of report, were it not for the fact that this intention is credited alike by the friends and the critics of the Administration. We advise our readers, however, while awaiting official information, not to give too much credence to the newspaper rumors, or allow themselves to be too much disquieted thereby. The report of Mr. Blount appears as we go to press, too late for summarization this week.

Last summer the Emperor of Germany secured the increase of the army, upon which he had set his heart; but now that he has his soldiers he is obliged to secure an increase of revenue to support them, and the great question now before Germany is the financial question. In his speech at the opening of the Reichstag on Thursday of last week the Emperor expressed his pleasure in the co-operation of that body with his plan of developing the army institutions, which he holds to be necessary in the interests of

peace. It is the curious feature of the situation that every additional regiment raised is always raised for the sake of preserving peace. "It will now be your foremost task and common labor," continued the Emperor, "with the Federated Governments to care for the raising of means to cover the increased expense caused by the increased peace-footing of the army." The financial arrangements between the Empire and the different States which compose it have not been successful, and the Emperor's policy now looks to a settled system fixing the payments of the several States to the Empire and the Empire's return of its surplus to the States. Accordingly, a measure will be brought into the Reichstag looking to the reorganization of the financial system of the Empire. Immediate financial needs will be met by bills affecting the taxation of tobacco and wine, and by increasing the revenue taxes. Commercial treaties with Spain, Roumania, and Servia will be submitted. The Emperor expresses the hope that the tariff measures taken in Germany against Russia, which have caused so much irritation, may be withdrawn as the result of negotiations now in progress. The financial question is likely to prove a difficult one, for although the Reichstag has voted the increase of the armament of Germany on a peace footing, it appears from the official returns that a majority of more than 1,200,000 voters disapprove of the bill, and that there are about 1,800,000 men who vote with the Social Democrats, constituting the largest single party in the Empire, and constituting also the most rapidly growing party, for while at the recent elections the Radicals showed an increase of 100,000 votes, and the Conservatives and Ultramontane parties were unable to hold their own, the Socialist vote increased nearly 360,000. This probably does not mean that 1,800,000 voters in Germany are committed to Socialistic doctrines. but it does mean that 1,800,000 voters are thoroughly dissatisfied with the present policy of the Government.

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The new French Chamber of Deputies was convened on Wednesday of last week. We comment elsewhere on the change in parties and the new elements which were introduced by the late elections, and which involve a reorganization of the working forces of the Assembly. No sooner had the Chamber met than public interest centered on the question of adjustment of different sections. In order to secure a compact working majority, the Government must rely upon the co-operation of those groups which are in closest sympathy with each other. There are 581 members of the Chamber, of whom 515 voted on the question of selecting a Provisional President of the Chamber. M. Casimir Perier received 295 votes, representing the Moderates of the Assembly; 195 Radicals and Socialists voted for M. Brisson; 25 votes were cast for other persons; and 66 members abstained from voting. It would, therefore, be possible to defeat the Government by a coalition of the Radicals, Socialists, and members of the Right. To secure a working majority, the attempt will be made to effect a coalition between the Moderates