## THE REPORTER Puzzle

 Acrostickler ${ }^{\circ}$ No. 112by HENRY ALLEN

## OIRECTIONS

1) Each crossuord delinition contains two clues. One is a conventional synonym: the other a pun, anagram, or play on words.
2) Letters fram the acrastic should be translerred to the corresponding squares in the coossword and vice versa 3) The intial lellers of the correct uords in the acrostic will. when read doun. spell out the name of a prominent person: the Acrosticion.

C 1964 by<br>the Reporter Magozine Company

A
$\overline{4} \overline{194} \overline{42} \overline{98} \overline{158} \overline{66} \overline{108}$ To squirm.
B
$\overline{76} \overline{164} \overline{214} \overline{102} \overline{128} \overline{204} \overline{2} \overline{180} \overline{48} \overline{186} \overline{26}$ Any of a genus of toothed birds.
C
$\begin{array}{lllll}\overline{122} & \overline{184} & \overline{112} & \overline{208} & \\ & \text { Say, has some wet }\end{array}$ bird-haunted English___ Lent it the music of its trees...?" Matthew Arnold, "Parting."
D
$\begin{array}{lllllll}\overline{196} & \overline{104} & \overline{26} & \overline{24} & \overline{182} & \overline{68} & \overline{80}\end{array}$ A large Old World plover.
E
$\overline{82} \overline{32} \overline{56} \overline{74} \overline{206} \overline{50} \overline{192} \overline{34} \overline{118} \overline{22} \overline{40} \quad A_{n}$ emetic.
F
$\overline{136} \overline{170} \overline{50} \overline{86} \overline{36}{ }^{\text {a }}$ A moment yet the $\qquad$
stops, / And looks around, to say farewell." Thackeray, "The End of the Play."

- $\overline{20} \overline{124} \overline{216} \overline{10}$ To ogle, flirt (slang).

H
$\overline{134} \overline{114} \overline{90} \overline{94} \overline{100}$ "He is crazed with the__of far Arabia." De la Mare, "Arabia."
1
$\overline{144} \overline{152} \overline{188} \overline{190} \overline{78}$ An insert mark.
$\overline{60} \overline{160} \overline{222} \overline{178}$ "She knows her man, and when you__ and swear / Can draw you to her with a single hair." Dryden, "Persius, Satires."
K
$\overline{88} \overline{6} \overline{198} \overline{18} \overline{132} \overline{62} 38 \overline{44} \overline{58} \overline{220}$ Stern or severe.
L
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\overline{156} & \overline{28} & \overline{200} & \overline{168} & \overline{116} & \overline{146} & \overline{92} & \overline{224} & \text { Not }\end{array}$ required.
M
$\overline{148} \quad \overline{138} \quad \overline{176} \quad \overline{46} \quad$ Afternoon receptions.
N
$\overline{166} \overline{30} \overline{202} \overline{140}$ "Almost at $\qquad$ with morning, which is which." Shakespeare, "Macbeth."
$\overline{110} \overline{54} \overline{172} \overline{70} \overline{12}$ The fifth of the seven canonical hours.


## ACROSS

17. Is the stew then formed whence London society comes? (4,3,4, 3).
18. Dispatch when stoned (4,2).
19. With 2 down, title of the Acrostician (8,2,12).
20. With much toil, gain an engraving.
21. You can't do business in ale, son $(2,4)$.
22. Ye town, ye know, still at present $(3,3)$.
23. Posts that seem to be heaped up.
24. A poem I'm unwilling to hear.
25. A hundred lice, etc.? l'm choosy!
26. I canoed in to the south side of a cathedral $(2,6)$.
27. What one may catch with seasoning.
28. A Mormon recently canonized? $(6,3,5)$.

## DOWN

2. See 53 across.
3. Blue dye found about in Canada ownership.
4. Take a walk, but revolve at last.
5. Exclamatory kind of days hereafter.
6. Roil in a less tired condition.
7. A drink that costs twelve hundred and one!
8. Works of Pope, Reynolds, as stair once calls ( 10,4 ).
9. How did the French tar at the place of worship?
10. The cost $I$ find for the philosopher.
11. Unclose atmospheres or free style music? (4,4).
12. Exodus the Acrosticion might have made.
13. Tea-tales are the most up-todate.
14. Heat easily for the Scots.
15. The urn $I$ find completely broken.

# Sartre Resartus 

JUSTIN O'BRIEN

T${ }^{4}$ he Words, by Jean-Paul Sartre. Translated by Bernard Frechtman. George Braziller. $\$ 5$.
In the beginning was the Word, many a writer could say as he looks back to his initiation through the magic of the written word. This is particularly true in France, where formal education, with its emphasis on the specifically literary, tends to form writers. Everything in French teaching, indeed, pushes the child to express himself pertinently and elegantly, to know and admire his literary patrimony, and even to dream of enriching that patrimony.

But the case of Jean-Paul Sartre is exceptional even in France. He was a child prodigy. Teaching himself to read at an extraordinarily early age, whetting his childish imagination simultaneously on the "classics" of his grandfather's library and thrillers from the corner kiosk, then urged by example and mimetism to writing thrillers himself, he precociously rushed the evolution so that it was virtually completed even before his real schooling began at the age of ten. Meanwhile, living in the usual child's dream world, he acted out the breathtaking adventures of the swashbuckling heroes he met in books and films (there is a marvelous evocation here of the pre-1915 movies) and even wrote new scenarios for his solitary theatre. But, worried by the compulsive outpourings of such an overexcited imagination, his domineering and doting grandfather, a smug Alsatian teacher of French to German pupils, dictated his future career by suggesting a safer combination of two professions:

Teaching gave a man leisure. Scholarly interests went hand in hand with those of men of letters. I would move back and forth from one priestly function to the other. I would live in close contact with the great writers. At one and the same time, I would reveal their works to my pupils and draw upon them for inspiration. I would
beguile my provincial solitude by composing poems, by translating Horace into blank verse. I would write short literary articles for the local papers, a brilliant essay on the teaching of Greek for the Pedagogic Review, another on the psychology of adolescents. Upon my death, unpublished works would be found among my papers, a meditation on the sea, a one act comedy, a few sensitive and scholatly pages on the monuments of Aurillac, enough to fill a thin volume that would be edited by former pupils.

THis is precisely what Jean-Paul Sartre did in life, although his brilliant record at the Ecole Normale Supérieure provided a less provincial exile than Aurillac and his own writings have had far greater importance and enjoyed a much wider public than those foreseen here. Yet, as many passages in his memoirs show, he is the first to be ware of the ironic parallel.

Written as Sartre is on the point of turning sixty, The Words covers only the first eleven or twelve years of his life. Fortunately, there are hints in this very lively and too briel volume that there will be more memoirs to come. In view of his general revulsion against the past, clearly stated here, and his "loathing" of his "rejected, lost, forgotten childhood," such a record was decidedly unexpected. Viewing himself and his family with an acute lucidity bathed in an irony that is at times mildly indulgent and at times almost savage, he portrays the boy growing up between a young widowed mother, adoring and adored, and a somewhat tyrannical, opinionated grandfather, the uncle of Albert Schweitzer. It tells quite flatly of the mingling of Protestant and Catholic faiths which led to no faith, joyfully of the absence of a father, most unemotionally of his own ugliness, and pathetically of his rejection by other children.

Most of all, however, as the title suggests, The Words concerns "little

## Who else

 wants
## really sharp knives?

## Send for the free brochure

 "Kitchen Cutlery that Really Cuts"Think they don't make sharp knives any more? Comus PRO knives are different - they really cut! And you can try these professional quality knives for 30 days without risking a penny.

The Secret is the Steel
The remarkable Comus PRO knives are not made of stainless steel. The blades are not scalloped or saw-toothed. Instead, they are razor-keen, high-carbon, cutlery steel - forged, ground and oiltempered to hold their edge. This is the steel used for professional cutlery . . These are the knives used by professional chefs.

## Still Sharp in 1974?

Yes! Carbon steel does make an astonishing difference. Comus PRO knives are so sharp you can thin-slice tomatoes and fresh bread - carve rare chuck as if it were finest tenderloin - chop and mince vegetables like lightning. And a few occasional swipes on steel or stone keeps your Comus PRO knives factory-sharp for ten, twenty years, or even more!

## Send for Free Brochure

Comus PRO knives are not sold in any store, so send today for our free brochure. By return mail, we'll send you pictures, prices and facts on the new Comus PRO knives. Then you decide whether you want to try them for 30 days at our risk. Write today to:
The Comus Division, Breck's of Boston U48 Breck Building, Boston 10, Mass.

## New From Rodale QUINTO LINGO

## The Learn-A-Language Magazine

Now you can learn, or maintain your skill in French, Spanish, German, Italian or Portuguese a new way. Quinto Lingo, Rodale's new magazine, presents the same fascinating articles, anecdotes, stories and jokes in all five foreign languages, plus English, in 6 side-by-side columns. Read something from Quinto Lingo each day and watch your skill in a forelgn language grow. You learn the reading way, not
Rodale Press, publishers of Quin Lingo, is one of the leading producers of reference texts, magazines and books, such as the widely-hailed Word Finder, Synonym Finder and Phrase Finder series for over 25 years.

QUINTO LINGO RODALE PRESS, INC.
Dept. R-1, Emmaus, Pa.
Please enter my subscription for Quinto Lingo, the new Rodale language magarine. Please check one.
 2 years at $\$ 9.00$ (save $\$ 1.00$ )
___ 3 years at $\$ 12.50$ (save $\$ 2.50$ )

## NAME

ADDRESS
CITY $\qquad$ STATE

