THERE IS LITERALLY no end to the stories of Elliot Paul's early days in Massachusetts, and every time he deserts Hollywood to visit us at Random House he spins a new one. Usually they are so fantastic that anyone unaware of Elliot's unique qualities would dismiss them immediately as nonsense; when Paul is the hero, however, there is always a fifty-fifty chance that they really happened, and weren't merely concocted for our amusement on the way to the office.

On his last appearance Elliot suddenly bethought himself of the time a wealthy Boston engineer offered him free board and lodging in exchange for his keeping an eye on valuable equipment and instruments while the engineer was making a survey in Brazil. Elliot wasn't used to such lush surroundings, but the adjustment proved painless.

A week or so after his installation he was toying with an elaborate sliderule when the old Negro caretaker hobbled by. Elliot had one of his sudden brain-storms. "This is a wonderful contrivance," he said pleasantly , "and after endless experimentation, I have learned how to use it. Leroy, if you will give me your physical measurements, I will tell you exactly how many more times you will fall in love in your lifetime."

Leroy regarded him with acute suspicion, but was reassured by Elliot's blandest and most innocent look. In a fever of anticipation, he produced a ruler, stripped, and measured himself from head to foot. Paul gravely made note of the statistics, and, while Leroy regarded him anxiously, made a series of mysterious calculations on the slide-rule. Then he closed his eyes, rubbed his forehead with the tips of his fingers, and pronounced solemnly, "Leroy, you are going to be in love 313 more times before you die." Leroy, sixty if he was a day, was understandably delighted. Elliot envisaged a bonanza.
"It was a pleasure to compile these statistics for you as a friend, Leroy," he said, "but obviously the strain is too great on me to continue doing them for others for nothing. If you have any very close friends, however, who would appreciate learning similar facts about themselves, I will conduct the necessary research for five dollars a head."

Leroy thought the proposition was reasonable and so did his friends. Elliot was always generous in his estimates, and thoroughly satisfied cus-
tomers began spreading his fame throughout Boston. There is no telling what a fortune he might have piled up had not the engineer come home suddenly to find him in the middle of computing one naked patron's potentialities on the slide-rule, with four others waiting impatiently in the drawing-room. "That man had absolutely no imagination," says Elliot. "He threw me out!". .

HERE IS ANOTHER story contributed by Elliot Paul. Two cockneys were riding up to London on the morning train when they spied a dignified old party on the bench opposite immersed in his morning Times. "Bli' me," said one in awe. "It's the Archbishop of York." "Ye're cuckoo," scoffed the other. After heated discussion, they bet a quid on it. "Only one way to find out," said the first. "I'll ask 'im!"
He poked the old party vigorously in the back, and said, "Beg pardon, mate, but, to settle a bet, are you not the Archbishop of York?" The old man put down his paper angrily and said very distinctly, "What the blank blank do you mean by bothering me this way? Buzz off, you blank blank blank, before I pull the bell-cord."

The cockney resumed his seat with a puzzled air, and admitted, "I still dunno whether it's the archbishop or not. 'E wouldn't tell me!". . .

Quakeress Jessamyn West McPherson, of "Friendly Persuasion" fame, is basing an opera libretto on the life of Audubon. . . Thomas Lamont, writ-
ing from Maine to say he could not come down for the Shaw Ninetieth Birthday Dinner, added: "Sometime you must let me tell you how Mrs. Patrick Campbell tried to get me to buy Shaw's letters to her; also how Shaw himself, the Socialist, scolded my chauffeur in New York about my old-fashioned limousine. 'It runs all right,' said Mr. Shaw, 'but for a capitalist to have such an old car is a disgrace." ". . . No time like the present, Mr. Lamont. . . . Anthony Boucher, visiting the Simon \& Schuster offices, ran into an author who was planning a trip to Central America, and distinctly heard Elinor Green remark, "Well, that's the way it ishere today, Guatemala." . . .

BLAKISTON'S new anthology of "Famous Plays of Crime and Detection" includes such time-hallowed thrillers as "Sherlock Holmes," "Seven Keys to Baldpate," "Within the Law," "On Trial," "Broadway," "The Bat," and "Angel Street." In their foreword, the editors remark:

It is hard to believe that in a period when mystery and murder stories in book form are selling four or five times better than they ever did before, and when the hills of Hollywood are echoing the horrendous shrieks of countless motion picture gang molls, zombies, hatchet men, and monsters (all of whom look suspiciously like Boris Karloff), there should not be a single play of this genre on the Broadway boards. In the past three years, in fact, with the public prosperous and thrillhungry, literally begging for cops-and-robbers, body-in-the-closet entertainment, all that the legitimate theatre has been able to whip up was one," single exhibit, 'Ten Little Indians," so feeble in comparison with the stalwarts in this collection that we never even considered it for inclusion.


"Very good, Rotonga-now spell horse!"

On behalf of those countless theatre-goers who prefer an oldfashioned murder to a revival of "Blossom Time" and a bony hand reaching out of a panelled wall to the fleshy thigh of a blasé strip-tease artiste, we have assembled these thirteen thrillers of earlier and more crime-conscious days in the theatre. We hope that the public will make such a fuss over them that at least one competent playwright will decide it's high time to make another killing. Our motto is "More Corpses and Less Corps de Ballet!"
And so we turn you over to John Chapman, who will provide the footnotes on the thirteen thrillers in this collection, and then to the plays themselves, superlative examples, we believe, of the school of drama made to order for audiences who want to hiss and tell. They stand up well. Most of them are as thrilling in book form as they were on the stage. The proofreader of this volume was so carried away by the contents, in fact, that it took him three days to get back.
Off with the house lights (except the lamp over your shoulder)! Silence, please (except the creak on the stair and the low moan of the wind outside)! Settle down for the evening with a good crook!
AMERICAN BOOKSELLERS who think they have troubles might give a moment's thought to the plight of their brethren in the Far East. Their stocks already depleted by the ravages of war and the shortage of shipping space, oriental book merchants must now contend with a plague of giant cockroaches which find the gum on bindings an irresistible delicacy, and can eat their way through an entire counter display in a single night. The cockroaches thrive particularly in the European section of Hong Kong, reports the London Bookseller (without vouchsafing any explanation for the peculiarity), and measures taken to
eliminate the pests, "such as the use of varnish," have apparently succeeded only in ruining the books completely. Mr. Evan Pughe, of Simpkins, is coming to the rescue, however. He is "investigating new insecticides developed during the war," and promises sure death to cockroaches, and a reprieve for literature, by the end of the year. . . . Additional names for Percival Wilde's chickens continue to arrive. Harry Snyderman suggests Fryer Tuck, Ku Klux, and Hatcher Hughes. Bella Krasne says, "How about Turhen Bay, Beaudelayer, Peck and Peck, Wing Lardner-and Casanova?" Isabelle Evans wins the Pulletser prize with "The Brooders Karamazov." . . . Bobbs-Merrill report that Dr. Alfred Leland Crabb's fourth book with a Nashville setting, "Lodging at the Saint Cloud," is selling faster than any of the three that preceded it, and that Malcolm Bingay, living up to a promise made in a rash moment, has already autographed over 10,000 copies of "Detroit Is My Own Home Town", for local admirers. Bingay's "Good Morning" column in the Detroit Free Press is a highlight of that paper, and I even like it when he is taking the SRL over the coals (usually with good reason) for assigning certain books to obviously biased reviewers. . . .

CHARLIE MORTON relays the story of the city fisherman who tried to persuade his Canadian guide to visit him in the big town. The guide retused, saying "Aw, the city people would laugh at me." The fisherman assured him that no such thing would occur. "Why not?" asked the guide. "I sure laugh at them when they come up here!"

Bennett Cerf.

## " <br> "From I sit"

$\mathrm{H}_{1}$UMOR has gotten out of hand lately, or it could be said that the reverse is true and that the hand which writes has goften out of humor (Doubleday authors excepted, of course). It must be that the general tension in the world is of the depressent kind rather than the on-the-go kind,
 for the output of humor has become rather tense and psychiatric and there doesn't seem to be the rather fumbling kind of humanity we find in Don Marquts.

Here now is a collection of the best known works of Don Marquis, including Archy and Mehitabel, The Old Soak, Prefaces, The Almost Perfect State, and many other selections of prose and verse. The whole assemblage is called The Best of Don Marquis.
This juicy volume is introduced with a penetrating essay by his good friend, Christopher Morley, a very personal and serious essay, albeit a humorous one. I'm always shooting off my mouth about what kind of a world this is. I want to add right here, that among other things this is a world in which too damn many people think that the thing to do is to know some famous person "intimately." Well, intimately doesn't mean anything more now than some of the "famous" people who are so known. And when I say that Christopher Morley knows Marquts intimately, I mean he knows him and evaluates him as a humorist, as a friend, and as a symbol of his times.

Morley says he had a dream about Marquis in which Marquis said, "If we can only get out to the dunes it'll be all right." Regardless of the context of this statement in the dream, the import is unmistakable. The gently-chiding Marquis tossed people up in a blanket, but he always made sure to catch them, because he sensed the struggle, the imperfection, and the futility in his own life. And his works included in this volume reflect just that. A true humorist is one who sees things in a different light, a different relationship than most people, and in the process he sees more than most other people. His humor is a way of reconciling that hypersensitivity with the dirge of living. This Marquis does superbly.
What Marquis thinks of himself, what he can't stand, the hopes and fears of all his years are in this introduction, and it's a sweet-sad piece of writing that you will want to read even if you've read all of Marquis.

DOUBLEDAY

Membership in this book club costs you nothing, but it saves time, saves money, and helps you avoid missing the important new books. Nonfiction books are the kind you enjoy reading, reread often, and then treasure forever as prized additions to your home libraty. Subscribe now and get a FREE copy of a typical Nonfiction Book Club selection-the revised edition of the 772 page bestseller, A treasury of science. The retail price is $\$ 3.95$, but you can get a conv free. See below for details.
NCE you've read a book, are you sorry you bought it? An odd question, perhaps, but isn't that, after
 bound in cloth, it is obviously meant to have a Iong and useful life. But can you say that about most fiction . . . especially the type that has been flooding the market in recent years? The Nonfiction Book Club is designed for those alert and discriminating folk who read not to drug themselves, but to widen their mental horizons . . . the kind of reader who buys books for keeps!
Do you read for information as well as pleasure, because you're interested in what's going on in the world around you-or just to kill time? Do you read because you want to understand and know about the events, ideas and phenomena that crowd the universe? Then, the Nonfiction Book Club is the ultimate club for you. No trashy novels, no dull and time-wasting books, none that you'll be ashamed of owning after you have
The high quality of Nonfiction Book Club selections is assured by the distinguished Board of Judges which will sift and select the books for the members. Hundreds of books of all pub-
lishers will he read manu months hefore thev are
 MAN: An Autobiography, by George R. Stewart.
The surprising, lively and sometimes impudent story of Man through the ages.. told in the form of
autobiography. Man tells his own story from the
day he came down from his tree to the night he



Free to all members. With each four selections purchased, you receive a free book divi-
 zine, Nonfiction Book News.
will never have to pay more than $\$ 3.00$ for any
election. You pay no more than the published price (plus a few cents postage) when that price is $\$ 3.00$ or less. What you get. When you join the club, you get a free copy of a typical Nonfiction selection. sCience, edited by Harlow Shapley. In addition, with each four selections purchased you get another free book dividend. Purchase of the monthly selections is entirely voluntary. To be a


Free to new members. As an added in ducement, and to show you the kind of books you will receive as a member, you get a free copy of the new revised edition of Harlow Shapley's wonderful 772 page anthology which is now wonderful 772 page anthology which is now
available in bookstores at $\$ 3.95$.
The best new books
at a saving!
You pay less than the published
price, if the book is over $\$ 3.00$.
You pay no more than the published
price if it is $\$ 3.00$ or less.
FREE: Membership costs you nothing.
FREE: A monthly magazine with
news about the latest books.
FREE: A typical selection worth $\$ 3$
to $\$ 5$ when you join.
FREE: One extra book dividend with
each four books purchased.
all, simply by notifying us before the 21 st of the month on the form supplied. You agree to take at least four Nonfiction selections during each full year that you are a member.

What it costs. Though the kind of books that will be chosen for the Nonfiction Book Club
are usually priced at $\$ 3.00$ to $\$ 5.00$, members
money required at this time. A limited num our charter subscribers. To be sure of getting
Youke no risk!

[^0] postage) no matter what the published price may be. If the regular price is $\$ 3$ or less, members pay only the published price (plus a few cents postage). And as a dividend, for each four books free. The published price of this bonus book may range from $\$ 2.75$ to $\$ 5.00$. And in addition to all this, each member gets absolutely free an entertaining and informative monthly magazine syooq of interest to members.

How the club operates. Membership of
 ments. Shortly after the first of each month you


 of the authors. You then decide whether or not you want the current selection. If the Nonfiction
 month. If however, you do not want the selec-


MAIL THIS COUPON NOW!
distribution. It is possible that the book or books chosen will sell in bookstores at $\$ 3$ to $\$ 5$. How


IN BIG BEN'S SHADOW

IT all depends upon what you are looking for, and where, and whether your search is conducted in peace or war.
At a charming little house in Suffolk which had once belonged to E . V. Lucas and was more recently owned by Hamish Hamilton, I chanced this summer to come across a Carte Gastronomique of France. My eyes were drawn by habit to that irregular bite in the Normandy coast which stretches from Pointe de Barfleur to Le Havre. More particularly they were drawn to the environs of Ste. Mère-Eglise, Isigny, and Port-en-Bes$\sin$. There was a time when all the world had watched, as well it might, what was happening on the beaches there.
Thinking back to the under-water obstacles, the land-mines, the barbedwire, and the pill-boxes which our coxwains and GI's had been warned to notice as they approached those strips of France then known (and even now remembered) as "Utah" and "Omaha," I could not help wondering what the Carte Gastronomique would advise travelers to be on the lookout for. Somehow I suspected it would be different. It was. The Carte Gastronomique recommended: la crême, le beurre, les oeufs.

Although all three of these were missing in England this summer, something else was there. The lean times, the hardships of daily living, and the fatigue to which most people confessed, could not obscure it. It was in the air. It was also in almost everyone's living. It afforded a sustenance of its own. It was the unavoidable awareness of new life stirring in the old; of a Britain which continued to be traditionally British at the same time that she was being different in a very British way.
London, for example, was much as she had been even before the war. At least on the surface, and in spite of countless angry proofs of how the war had battered her. Her streets were clotted with traffic; her sidewalks bulged with pedestrians. The international array of uniforms was missing. So was the incessant scraping of heavy army boots. Yet she seemed as crowded as she was in wartime. She was a great sprawling city going unemotionally about a great city's business.
Her past was part of her present-
the noblest part, visually. She did not have the shove and frenzy of New York or Chicago. She did not scream or roar in their fashion. She was old enough to modulate her voice and conserve her energies. Her traffic often moved at the pace of her drays. Her taxi drivers had lost neither their wonderful old cabs nor their manners. They negotiated their way through jam after jam without automatically challenging the legitimacy of theír confreres.
Although London looked as tired as her people said they felt, her neatness persisted, as did theirs. Her sidewalks had a hand-washed appearance. They were unsullied by sudden, soft, dark spots as sidewalks can be only among a people not entirely converted to chewing gum. Her citizens did not discard papers wherever they happened to be. They still obeyed the signs on the rubbish containers; those signs which, because they read, "Deposit litter here," had caused many a smiling American soldier and sailor to wonder in wartime if British dogs could possibly be as amenable to regulations as their owners are.

Eros was not back in Piccadilly Circus early this summer, though his imminent return was rumored. His base was still boarded over, which meant that there was no perching place for flower vendors. These old women, who always looked as if they were waiting for Dickens or Shaw to
write about them, were also among the missing.
So was Charles I from his pedestal just off Trafalgar Square. But the pigeons were there. They were dovelike enough never to have conceded the war's actuality. They still added non-regulation plumage to Nelson's hat. They still rested unconcernedly on Landseer's arrogant but patient lions. And flocked to the doors of the National Gallery without mustering the courage to enter even on Free Days. Or cooed and strutted around the fountains, and pecked at crumbs -for a wonder without queuing.

Although their scarlet coats and busbies of the pre-war days had not yet come out of storage, sentries were once again visible in the old familiar places. Before Marlborough House and St. James's, they either stomped their solitary paces-in khaki —or stood mummified by duty. Each morning, too, Christopher's Alice could have gaped at her fiancé-also in khaki-as the guard was changing at Buckingham Palace. In Whitehall the Horse Guards were once more, impressively if futilely, astride. The crowds which gathered each noon to stare at them seemed to find in them almost as reassuring proof of both continuity and survival as Britons did (yes, and aliens, too) when they passed Buckingham Palace and saw the royal standard flying.
The daily newspapers were not what they had been in bulk. Nor were they of that hernia-provoking heaviness to which we were accustomed here even during the war years when pulp was scarcest. They were four- or six-page affairs. Brevity had become the soul of news-a condition not without its merits.
Reports of acrimonious debates in Parliament, of the Labor Govern-



[^0]:    

