Poet Always Next But One

By David McCord

I

THE world is in an ugly mood;
The world has bred an ugly brood.
A wind is blowing off the sea:
Uprooted lies the Judas Tree.

A man is pounding on the door: The world has heard that sound before. Bolts rattle, and the door is thin: A voice says he shall not come in.

Who takes the water from the spring May spy the bird and hear him sing: Who feeds the frost with candle light Betrays the bastion in the night.

II

Given his heritage, what other gift? Sure of his anchorage, what other ties? Granted his boundaries, how else and where?

Proven his genius, will the ladder rise? Asking these questions in a world adrift,

Question the answers for we are not there.

III

Given his heritage, he is not born; The paper for his books perhaps not even

The seed unripened under Hudson Bay. His birth star rises nightly over Eastport,

Rindge, Cape Charles, St. Augustine, Key West,

To set beyond the seven perpetual rollers

West of Puget Sound, northwest southwest

Of salmon-spawned Columbia, the Rogue,

The Red Woods, of each sunken bulkhead holding

The far Pacific peaceful at the edge Of California's fog-wreathed Monterey. Time has a healthy appetite. The cycle And universal meshing of the gears

Of life and death, delight, disaster, dream

And anguish, sealed in the animal oil Of here and now, are in

His favor. Time consumes, consuming with a mouth

Of fire along the quadrants of continual Dawn, a mouth of smoke along the quadrants

Of continual dusk. Time is unanxious. Only we

Are anxious that our day be long and late.

His day will come, is coming: The American

Poet always next but one. His heritage Just what? His anchorage just where?

Vision wide—how wide? O time attends

To all and sundry but time is not attendant or

Attentive. Time will tell, but not to us: Time is a kind of fever in our eyes; We are a flash of fever in our time.

IV

How large the country looms for any poet!

How big and strange—too strange for all its bigness,

And strangest at the points of common fault.

Life? Anywhere from Coast to Coast we live

Revised, revisioned, socialized, secured, taxed,

Surtaxed—harmonized and hormonized:

One people with one look, one frown, one smile,

One laugh, one voice, one vote, one fear, one

Dividend, one vitamin, one atom, and one style.

If only we could simply say: one faith! If only we could faithfully say: one God!

If only One were all we had in common!

From coast to coast, From cost to cost, From ghost to ghost From lost to lost

Horizons, waiting for the lights to change; still waiting, flying,

Speeding, waiting, bolting, dashing, waiting, racing . . .

Waiting for the need to speed no longer; finding

Images that only images ourselves could recognize,

Seeing no shallowness beneath the thin veneer; not seeing

A school of human ale-wives in the night-nets of

The national networks; pinned black

On a ground glass screen; dead fingers Turning inside out atomic comics,

Robots warming up the stale commercials, script

That waits upon the nondescript; our national wit

A blood-bank for thin gags; tradition Questionable; culture a commodity; Noblesse oblige a rhinestone phrase, a keepsake; Chromium façade ok, fine craftsmanship

Lost somewhere on the beltlines, and Great books in losing battle with the Photo-finished, camera in camera. O candida!

O pixilated, commentated, simplesimonized! And who

Is always driving, using, boasting, begging next year's

Models, paying last week's payments, pawning

Last year's dreams?

V

American poet next but one, This is what we have done: To this your fathers won.

This is the nightmare — what the physicists

Call surface tension. Or perhaps excess invention.

In the corrected phrase, the plastic age In plastics, the electric age of spastics, Age of the international nervous break-

Age of premature remorse and postponed joy.

> American poet next but one, The sands in the glasses run; Brighter will shine your sun.

VI

This is the illusion we elude,
This is the night of which we make
the day,

This is the day from which we fashion night,

This is the truth we wish to call untrue, This is the road we shall not ever take, This is the road we took by some mistake,

This is the complication of the crude, This is the nightfall cutting off the view,

This is the word we thought we should not say,

This is the vision we did not invite.

VII

America, have we no choice? All emptiness, all hollow voice? All platitude, all cryptic joke? No fire, no ceremonial smoke?

Have we no roots? no seed? no corn? No blossom on the cactus thorn? No spawning in the shattered light On shelving waters? Rain in sight?

Great land, between the greater seas, The pioneer who felled his trees, The settler who consumed his soil Are one with everything we spoil.

VIII

Given his heritage, it is not given To countersign the articles of faith.

But even in the inconclusive darkness of

This darkening hour all the Delphic Meaning of our consequent lives can Suddenly resolve, and we become The one beyond the oneness I decry.

> American poet next but one: Here is the argument begun In Genesis. No other. None.

Sure of his anchorage, his other sureness

Is half himself: the rock within the Mountain, the river on its way, the Far savannahs and the buffalo bones. The delta at the Gulf, old Spanish moss Suspending the deep South, rock maples

In the roundness of Vermont, red Manzanita

Veins of Oregon milk quartz, the smoky blue

Integument of true Virginia, profitable
Aroostook, the alluvial sandwash
By the young St. Lawrence—all are his.
And his forever—as we count forever
—layas

And culebras of the West, the flowery Desert under the Joshua Tree,

Those long-horned adjectives of Texas, pure

Mosaic carpets at the foot of the pueblo, Cross-cut ranges sawing through the sky: all

Color, cloud, and contour of this proud Memorial hunting ground, green forest, Broken lakes, moraine and drumlin, running

Water and lost tombs.

IX

Three things are basic in the long advance:

Time, place, and being. But the forward glance

Assumes the act of history, which was chance.

The simple cambric for the whole design

Is place and being, and where they align

A thread draws them together. Time is twine

In that sense, only time can never break.

The living and the dead are both awake And one with everything we do or make.

An Adams and a Jefferson today

Have rather much than little still to say.

We challenge them. Who cries the stronger Nay?

Franklin, his knuckles bare and showing scar,

Is more the statesman than the Leyden jar.

Yet cry Poor Richard! Who brings near from far?

Our freedom dearer than endemic light Is turning men to wakefulness tonight. Whence came it? It was never won through flight.

Our tolerance: a quality or force?
Out of the heart, or something to endorse?

A tendency, or flowing from the source?

The dawn of letters was an older dawn, But still the ancient light is coming on. Our silhouette is not agreed upon,

And yet through Melville hangs a flag unfurled.

A "bold and nervous lofty language" hurled

His thunderbolts: "The pulpit leads the world."

A "man of globular brain and a ponderous heart,"

His strength in "Moby Dick" can still impart

The meaning and the fire suffused in art.

And art itself, indigenous as rain, We stack like wheat across the central plain,

But grind to flour with mixed unprecious bane.

American genius—if the word elect Shares anything of daring and effect— Is genius of the skyborne architect,

For he alone has climbed the pure serene

And given plane and line the right to mean

Not building, terminal, but the godhead seen.

Music! If ever thrush was heard to sing, America has grace-notes on her wing: The wind through needles of the pine in spring.

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It is not down on any map, True places never are: The little path turned through the gap, The blue gate to the star;

The lake whose water draws the cloud, The flyways running south; The valley where wild bees are loud, The secret river mouth,

Or anywhere that he might come Or go to strike his song. The hyla stopped, the cricket dumb, With him so sudden-strong.



ΧI

Cities and science serve each other well;

Osmotic processes aloft and underground

Make cities scientific and a shrine
For labor on the enzyme in the lab.
Some cities science built, some not.
Boston is made of bricks and four per
cent.

The law, good teaching, and the best museums;

Richmond of pride and culture and good living.

New York is science to the soaring height

Of towers and plumes reflecting down the world:

Compact of steel and tube and cable, rich

In all devices for unloading loads, but poor

In basement bargains on the hundredth floor.

The science-city can be ravishing, as instance

That lace of bridges round the handme-up

Of lovable San Francisco. Cities
Are broad and wide and braced
By science in prairie country—Fargo,
Topeka; Chicago on the lake, Milwaukee

On the bluff.

Perhaps all cities
are meanest just where science
Leaves them out: The filthy sprawl
That fronts the controlling river
And trails due west (the usual
Stride of growth) to the clean sheer
sheen

Of hospital wall for soluble alcoholics.

American poet next but one, Here the great web is spun For terror, toil—and fun.

Granted his boundaries, he will have to solve

The city-country complex not of our Loose day but his: The lines of force That draw men in, repelling as they draw.

Proven his genius, he will have to walk The long and antiseptic corridor of Doors marked chlorophyll and nuclear, Psychosomatics, cybernetics,

Antibiotics, semantics, and horse sense. Proven his genius, he will have to speak

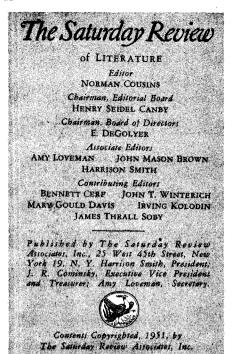
The thousand-jargoned languages of Specialists who specialize the special.

American poet next but one: Complexity to stun Brave father, braver son!

XII

Over the grass his wind will soon be blowing,

(Continued on page 34)



The Expansion of Literacy

T IS ONE of the interesting phe-T IS ONE of the amountain process that as literacy contracts on the one front it expands on the other. In the days when education was the privilege of the few, there was a substratum of knowledge that could be taken for granted on the part of the cultured, and a sort of short-hand of allusion prevailed that was common currency among those who had any learning. Reference to ancient history, to the Bible, to the classics needed no annotation; a name, a quotation were sufficient to set a mood, or call up an image, or evoke a situation. The "gentleman" knew his Scripture and his classics, was read in history and poetry, had foreign phrases at his tongue's end, and had a fair idea of distant countries and civilizations. The writer, or speaker, addressing him stood in a relation to him almost like that of the specialist expounding a theory to his profession today who knows that he can skip preliminaries and proceed to the nub of his subject without introductory explanation. For he, too, was a man of information speaking to other men of information; all alike had drunk of the Pierian spring and had quaffed from it a common basis of culture. But as the democratic impulse spread, and education levelled down to the masses, it thinned out as it became more widely disseminated and culture, instead of becoming the perquisite of the many, remained the acquisition of the few who by it were sharply differentiated from the wide

new public which was gaining literacy even though as yet it lacked background. Culture, indeed, is a flower of slow and gentle growth.

Despite shocking facts brought out by Army tests and college examinations literacy, by and large, is widespread in America, and education is making constantly increasing strides. Yet, inevitably, there are enormous unevenesses inherent in the educational status of a society which is continuously in flux and which is ever and anon casting up new elements from the bottom. And since the literate masses now vastly outnumber the cultured few, the latter have had to meet the situation by laving aside some of the adornments of their knowledge lest they speak to the closet instead of to the public.

That is one side of the shield. The obverse tells another story. For what has taken place concurrently with the democratization of literature is the amazing spread of factual and scientific knowledge among the people. The technological developments of recent years, the advances in pure and applied science, the phenomena of daily living-and dying-have become the stuff of universal consciousness. The book, journalism, the periodical press, the radio, and the movie, have brought within the ken of the multitude subjects which once were comprehensible only to the specialist. Though far from every schoolboy knows of Macaulay, every schoolboy knows something of the principles of physics, knows the mechanics of the radio and the auto, can follow a scientific description with

understanding, and dwells familiarly with theories of space and time, even though they may still come to him only in fiction form. Well-nigh every child today lisps in numbers. Never was there an age-probably never was there a people-more awake to the wonders and implications of science than is the America of the present. Nor, of course, was there ever a period as now when all the ends of the earth are drawn together in the awareness of men everywhere. There is an enormous mass of information, political, social, military, economic that has become the commonplace of general knowledge where once mere vagueness or complete ignorance reigned.

WHAT is a culture, not as a philosophy but as a practical manifestation of democratic living? Not learning alone, or the love of knowledge, or "the study of perfection," as Matthew Arnold put it, but surely a compound of all these—of tradition and reverence for tradition, of curiosity and zeal, of awareness of the problems of the hour and consciousness of the obligation of the individual and the race to the world.

Something of all these America has, something more than mere glibness even if too little of old-world scholarship, something of eagerness, something of excitement. It is a mixture which by its very nature is constantly expanding, sending out steadily sturdy new shoots. It is busy in levelling education up today as once education was busy in levelling culture down.

—A. L.

A Mulberry Tree

By Alfred Noyes

Many years ago, in our Isle of Wight garden, we planted a mulberry tree in remembrance of that other in Keats' garden in Hampstead. But these trees grow too slowly for one man's lifetime.

UTLIVE me then, old tree.
You'll keep our secret well when I am gone.
How should you know what distant memory
Planted you here and, in your life, lives on.

Whatever fruit you bear,

Ripening to darkness while this age goes by, Your roots are in a garden far from here, A small sad plot, beneath a smoke-dimmed sky.

There stands the immortal tree,
Which, though men cut you down, shall never fail,
Remembering one young listener's ecstasy,
His darkness, and the undying nightingale.