Crafted Crime

THE MOVIES

T IS NO DOUBT because the British are traditionally so law-abiding that British crime exerts so peculiar a fascination. Law-breaking has little significance among the lawless. In an ordered and trusting society, however, crime is a shocking violation of the premises of life, and the restoration of rationality by solving the crime becomes a vital necessity. The movies have always enjoyed the idea of crime in a country where murderous impulse may lurk under perfect civility. Three current films supply an entertaining tour of evolving British styles in crime and detection.

The Great Train Robbery (United Artists) begins the tour in the early Victorian age. Directed by Michael Crichton and drawn from his own novel, the film is a charmer. Much of the charm comes from the period sense—the tranquil, ornate pleasures of balanced language and rich, comfortable decor. We are in a London of carriages, top hats, muttonchop whiskers, of elegant mansions but also of sinister alleys and squalid slums. And we are shown a lot of it: public hangings, fireworks at the Crystal Palace, dogs killing rats in a pit before excited gamblers.

The genre is the "caper" film, transferred to the age before telephones, automobiles, and electricity. The target is a train carrying a large consignment of gold bullion. The hero is a Victorian MacHeath, played by Sean Connery with immense suavity and aplomb. "Do you ever tell anyone the truth?" his girl asks him. "The truth?" he replies after a moment's consideration. "No." Imperturbably amoral, he urbanely strangles a pathetic crook who had first helped and then informed on him. But the author adores him, and so in the end do we.

The caper is one of those in which everything must fall improbably into place in order to succeed; and succeed it almost does. Alas, Sean Connery is caught and convicted. But do not despair: Michael Crichton has one last surprise up his sleeve. Donald Sutherland is fruitily excellent as Connery's partner and Lesley-Anne Down decorative as the girl friend.

Murder by Decree (Avco Embassy) carries us forward 30 years to the high Victorian period. Bowlers have re-



Donald Sutherland and Sean Connery in The Great Train Robbery.

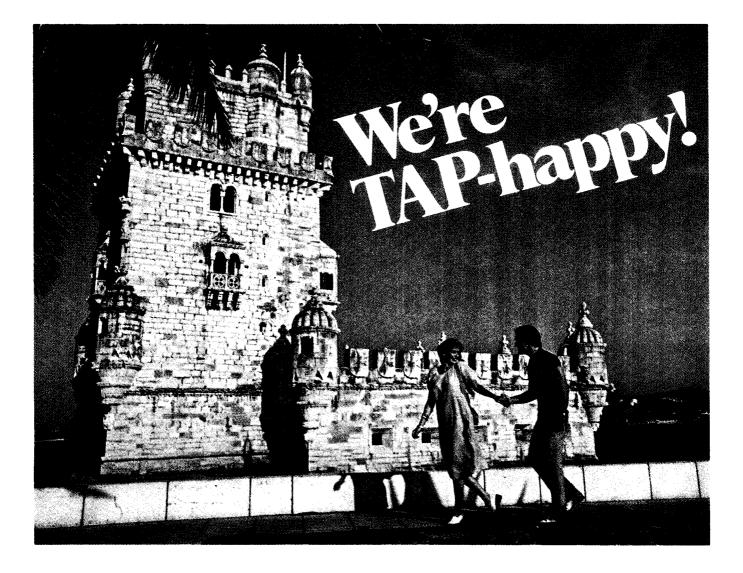
placed top hats; hansom cabs, carriages; beards have shrunk, and mustachios receded. London remains the same mixture of elegance and squalor, but the atmosphere has darkened. The spread of industry has changed things. The burning of soft coal produces pervading fog; there is talk of anarchism, anti-Semitism, masonic conspiracies; there are premonitions of class war. *The Great Train Robbery* is a sunny movie, filled with inconsequence and fun. *Murder by Decree* is a dark movie, taking place predominantly in fog and shadow, in slums and madhouses.

It is a Sherlock Holmes film, though the story never occurred to Conan Doyle. A group from the East End of London asks Holmes to track down Jack the Ripper. If the Ripper were murdering women in the West End, one of them says with Marxist fervor, the coppers would get him soon enough; but the toffs don't care what happens to working-class women in Whitechapel.

Holmes, played lucidly and thoughtfully by Christopher Plummer, takes up the challenge and eventually penetrates a cover-up that extends to Buckingham Palace. He is not, however, the Sherlock Holmes of our youth, the one who analyzed 140 different varieties of tobacco ash in his study and made brilliant deductions from fragmentary clues. The Holmes of *Murder by Decree* is less a man of ratiocination than of action. He is Philip Marlowe loose in Victorian London, darting down dark streets and engaging in hand-to-hand combat with the villains.

The fine actor James Mason is the best of Watsons; never has that familiar role received so subtle and humorous a rendition. And the reappearance of Donald Sutherland provides an eerie sense of continuity with *The Great Train Robbery*. One likes to think that Sean Connery's accomplice, retired on his stolen gold, has become in his later years the zonked-out psychic who tells Sherlock Holmes his visions of Jack the Ripper. The supporting cast of British character actors—John Gielgud, Anthony Quayle, David Hemmings, Frank Finlay—is splendid.

Yet the film is a disappointment. It lacks clarity. The exposition in the hands of Bob Clark, the director, is as murky as the lighting. *Murder by Decree* is not nearly so satisfying an extension of the Holmes canon as *The Seven Percent Solution* was a couple of years back. But it does offer at-



"We found a place unspoiled by crowds, pollution and high prices. Portugal, with romantic castles, charming fishing villages and warm, friendly people. It's where we were happy to discover that a dollar still goes a long, long way. And we sure are happy we flew with TAP, the Airline of Portugal."

TAP can make <u>you</u> TAP-happy too. It costs less to fly to Europe with TAP, because Portugal is the country in continental Europe closest to America. And in Portugal, the hotel, restaurant and shopping prices will convince you that you're enjoying what is probably the very best travel bargain in Europe.

Flying with TAP will make you happy. Because it's an airline with ultra-modern equipment. And TAP even has its own training schools for pilots and flight attendants that are attended by personnel from some of the world's biggest airlines. That's why our crews are so efficient and why our on-board service makes you feel like a welcome guest in a Portuguese home.

A TAP tour can also take you to other beautiful places where your dollars still go a long way, like Spain and Morocco. So fly with TAP. And get TAP-happy.



THE AIRLINE OF PORTUGAL We're as big as an airline should be.

TRAASPORTES AEREOS PURIUGUESES			
TAP Tour Departme P.O. Box 941, Woodsi Call toll-free 800-223 In New York call (212	ide, N.Y. 11377 3-2406.	_	1103811040179
Please send me TAP- and Morocco. I am i	happy tour bro nterested in the	chures on Portuga e following:	ıl, Spain
1. D Local & Escorto 2. D Fly/Drive 3. Air/Sea Cruises 4. D Jewish Heritage	5	5. Pilgrimage 6. Sports 7. Wine Tours	

Media wisdom from the mouth of Mr. Nautilus to the ears of William Esty.



(Ed Wolen, Co-owner, Nautilus Health Clubs in the Metropolitan Detroit area.)

"What, you may ask, does a muscular Adonis-type such as myself know about media buying?

"All I have to know is when it brings in more flabby thighs, more dropped derrieres and more muscles that can't cut the mustard, it's a good buy.

"When it does all that for very little money, it's a great buy.

"Three years ago, when we opened our first NFL-equipped exercise center, we didn't exactly have money to throw around. And the competition was rough.

"Today, we've got a chain of five successful centers, thanks in some small part to what we've learned about media.

"Of course, we have our usual media buy-radio, newspaper and TV Guide. But last year, for a special promotion, we wanted to add a little extra muscle to our scheduleand didn't want to spend big bucks doing it.

"We turned to Magazine Networks." (MNI, as you probably know, is an inexpensive way to buy national upscale magazines in compatible local groups.

With networks you can choose geographically, demographically, even psychographically. In markets as local and diverse as Beverly Hills, Brooklyn, Kansas City and Kalamazoo.)

"So there we were—full page—in Esquire, Playboy and Sports Illustrated.

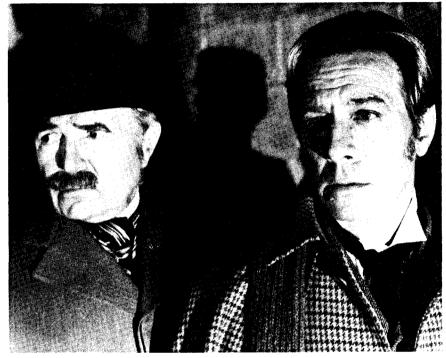
"And now, we have so much cellulite on our hands, we don't know where to put it."

(If you want to find out more about Magazine Networks and how it can be used for—you should pardon the expression heavy-ups, test marketing or special promotions, call Jim Hagan at (213) 478-2596.)

There's a lesson to be learned from a man who buys media with his own money.

© 1977 Media Networks, Inc., 600 Third Ave., New York, New York 10016

PRODUCED 2005 BY UNZ.ORG ELECTRONIC REPRODUCTION PROHIBITED mospheric pleasures, and John Hopkins's dialogue mostly rings true. I was sorry, however, to hear Dr. Watson say at one point, "You seem strangely disinterested, Holmes." It took the later 20th century thus to corrupt the word "disinterested." What a good Victorian like Watson would have said, of course, is, "You seem strangely uninIt is the 1920s. We are less in London now than in Christieland—country houses and seaside spas. The film takes off from an actual incident. In December 1926 Colonel Archibald Christie told his wife of a dozen years, already a popular detective-story writer, that he wanted to divorce her and marry his secretary. Agatha Christie



James Mason as Watson and Christopher Plummer as Holmes in Murder by Decree.

terested, Holmes." He would have known that disinterested means impartial, not indifferent.

Agatha (First Artists-Warner Bros.) carries us forward another 40 years.



Redgrave as Agatha in Christieland.

then disappeared and was found some days later living in the resort town of Harrogate under the name of her husband's mistress. No one knows whether it was design, confusion, or amnesia. Kathleen Tynan's graceful screenplay offers a solution to the mystery in the best Agatha Christie style.

Agatha, like the other films, enjoys its period-cloche hats, tea dances, the Charleston. The plot is crafty; the narration is clear and fluid. But the movie acquires a quality of real loveliness from the exceptional performances by the two stars. Vanessa Redgrave's Agatha is a triumph. Her portrayal of an excruciatingly shy, tremulously intense, hopelessly vulnerable woman who finds inner strength and radiance through ordeal and anguish is one of this exquisite actress's finest. Dustin Hoffman, as the brisk American journalist who restores Agatha's sense of self-worth, conveys a marvelous sensitivity beneath an air of lacquered confidence.

The Great Train Robbery is an ingenious mechanical toy and Murder by Decree a confusing puzzle. Agatha touches the heart.

-Arthur Schlesinger, Jr.



Give us a few days and we'll improve your tennis for life.

A few days of intensive, concentrated instruction at an All American Tennis Camp will do more for your game than months of weekly lessons.

You'll get up to 5 hours of instruction daily including private lessons. You'll hit thousands of balls. An instructor will be across the net from you every minute. You'll learn from video tape replays, ball machine practice, actual play, even films.

Beginner, Intermediate, Advanced Programs

There are never more than four equally matched players to an instructor. Beginners concentrate on fundamentals. Intermediates learn how to get off their plateaus. And advanced players work on strategies that make all the difference.

10 Locations – 15 Different Plans

You can choose 3-day, 5-day or full week sessions. From 15 plans at 10 locations, including 2 Junior Camps

Whichever tennis camp you choose, a few days will mean a better game for life.

Mail coupon for free information Or call collect 212-697-9220. Please send me without obligation information on your tennis camps I'm interested in: 🗋 Adult Camps 🔲 Junior Camps NAME (please print) ADDRESS STATE CITY All American Sports Dept.R1,366 Madison Ave., N.Y., N.Y. 10017

PRODUCED 2005 BY UNZ.ORG ELECTRONIC REPRODUCTION PROHIBITED

The Habit of Genius

by Mary Gordon

BOOKS

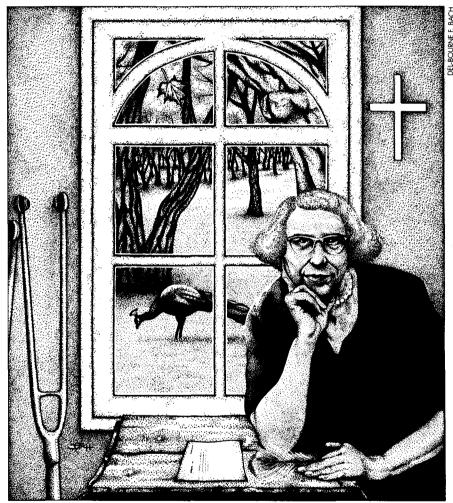
Flannery O'Connor: The Habit of Being Selected and edited by Sally Fitzgerald Farrar, Straus & Giroux, 617 pp., \$15

FTER FLANNERY O'CONNOR'S death, Katharine Anne Porter wrote to a mutual friend, "I am always astonished at Flannery's pictures, which show nothing of her grace. She was very slender with beautiful, smooth feet and ankles: she had a fine, clear, rosy skin and beautiful eyes."

O'Connor's face was a peculiar one for a writer, even allowing for the effects of the disease she contracted at 25. Not all writers are beauties, but usually there is something in the face to suggest distinction-a habit, if not of fashion, then of style. No face could appear less fashionable or stylish than Flannery O'Connor's; it is accepted rather than invented; it is a face from the provinces. In her early photographs, her expression is sour; a fearful, pure intelligence presents itself, unqualified by deep affections. There is no humor in the face here; she is sullen, judging; she is Mary Grace in "Revelation," she is Hulga in "Good Country People."

Later, after years of illness, she is oddly more attractive. Prematurely aged, she has grown graceful; the sourness is gone, the humor enters. Still, it does not seem a writer's face; rather that of an aunt more educated than the rest of the family, full of good sense and works of mercy, sharp-tongued but practical in a crisis. It is a face untouched by sexual experience or curiosity, which is why, perhaps, it seems not one of our own.

She was born in Milledgeville in Georgia, in 1925, attended the local women's college there, and went north for the first time at 22 to become part of the School for Writers at the State University of Iowa. At 25, when she was living with Sally and Robert Fitzgerald in Connecticut, she dis-



covered that she had *lupus* erythematosus, the disease that had killed her father. She knew she was dying, and she knew that her physical disintegration would take years. She returned to Milledgeville, where she lived on the family farm with her mother until her death 14 years later.

She seems to belong to another age, but then in what age could one place her? Certainly she is a kind of Puritan, but of a very particular variety. Her interest lay not in the damnation of her characters, but in their redemption. She has the formality and the reasonableness of a neoclassicist, the social acuity of a Victorian. But the darkness of her conclusions about the world, a darkness illumined only by her belief in mystery and in mysterious salvation, personally expressed in a passionate, traditional Catholicism, creates both her appeal for modern readers and their problems with her.

Revered by a small world of critics and serious readers, she has never achieved even a remotely popular reputation. She is less well known than her