An India/Pakistani War

It could come from unbalanced population growth

by Donald A. Collins

Logic of High Sex-Ratio Societies," a stunning article by two researchers – Valerie M. Hudson at Brigham Young University, and Andrea M. Den Boer at the University of Kent in the UK – points to "a variable that will become highly significant in Asia within the next two decades. That variable is the young adult sex ratio. The sex ratios of many Asian nations, including the two who are now facing off (again), Pakistan and India, are being skewed in favor of males on a scale unprecedented in human history."

Soon to appear in the distinguished periodical, International Security, the article explores the "violent dynamics of ... high sex-ratio populations," clearly identifying the potential security dangers for our planet which have resulted from the rapidly growing populations of the past hundred years and the bias favoring male children over females in key Asian nations.

"Normal birth sex ratios range between 105-107 males per 100 female births." Their data for seven Asian countries (Afghanistan, Bangladesh, China, India, Nepal, Pakistan and Taiwan) show "from 66 to 86 million of the missing females in Asia are attributed to the above"; but two of them, "China and India together, contribute to between 61 and 68 million." Many now feel the number is higher, perhaps 100 million. And the ratio in recent years has increased rapidly in both. For example, in Punjab, the sex ratio of children from zero to six years of age is now 126 males to every 100 females.

While "sex selection" is illegal in both India and China, the "director of the Demography Institute at

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Beijing University freely admits that there exists 'the loss of female births due to illegal prenatal determination and sex-selective abortion, creating an unbalanced population sex structure ... resulting in potentially serious social problems.' Remember, China and India alone comprise over 38 percent of the world's population."

Well, after September 11, we should all understand and care about this condition. Let these experts explain why. This study and other recent studies have shown that where what the authors call surplus young males (what I have dubbed "rogue males") predominate, instability is often rife. And, as we know now, this surplus of rogue males can lead to "rogue" governments which harbor and abet terrorists, as in Afghanistan.

In China, these surplus males are called "guang gun-er" or "bare sticks" or "bare branches" as they will never marry (bear fruit!), "because no marriage partner might be found for them." By 2020, these authors predict, there will be 40 million "bare sticks" for China alone! These are not your Western-type bachelors. Indeed, "single men in the West are not surplus males; they can and often do form ... attachments to women and produce children in that context." These "bare sticks" don't have that chance; often they come from the lowest socio-economic class, are un- or under-employed, live a nomadic lifestyle with few ties to the communities in which they are working, generally living and socializing with other "bare sticks." Thus, their behavior "follows a broadly predictable pattern," prone to seek satisfaction through "vice and violence."

In China, these "bare sticks" cause "the overwhelming percentage of violent crime." One scholar has shown that "an unmarried man between 24 and 35 is about three times as likely to murder another male as is a married man of the same age." He is also more likely to rob, rape, and, yes, join others in

proving to his kind his manliness! The worst among them is to them the best! These men have "nothing to lose but their reputations for violence." They are juicy pluckings for the likes of Osama bin Laden. Marriage tames testosterone, which the authors feel may explain low levels of criminality among married men. A seventeenth-century observer put it this way: "Heretical teachings start by inciting, deluding and gathering people, but end by planning rebellion."

Governments with these ratios face "vexing policy dilemmas." Their governance must be more authoritarian, "must cultivate a political style crafted to retain allegiance and respect of its bare branches." China has a "floating population" of 150 million, many of them young surplus adult males (i.e., "bare branches"). Beijing Review reports that eighty percent of its crime comes from "migrants" – these floaters.

The authors note that "much the same analysis can be made" for India. Many of its legislators are criminals. Kidnaping in Uttar Pradesh and Bihar "is a way of life." Thus, what we see happening today, a continuing and probably escalating war between India and Pakistan, is in some ways a logical policy option for these governments with too many "rogue males." What to do? Sending them to war probably is better than killing them outright or putting too many in jail. These weak governments are often strongly influenced by street demonstrations, riots, and other bloody assaults. The authors of this sex-ratio study have confidently and, in my view, correctly predicted a continuing and increasingly dangerous war over Kashmir between India and Pakistan, both of which have dangerously high sex ratios.

And what has happened in America since our immigration laws were changed in 1965? The "open borders" policies of our major parties have allowed at least eight million illegal aliens to remain here, many even after deportation orders are issued against them. And Congress just adjourned without passing a Visa Control Bill, which among other things would have strengthened foreign student tracking and instituted machine-readable biometric IDs on visas and some passports.

American policies for dealing with this looming rogue male issue must include (1) a staunch refusal to allow ourselves to be overrun with rogue males or any large foreign contingent who cannot be readily absorbed into our nation's culture and values; (2) enlargement of foreign assistance, especially better controlled and directed toward providing family planning services; and (3) a better understanding of the governance problems in places such as China and India. These governments are not living in Kansas, Dorothy, but in a real world often close to anarchy. Why bleat about human rights to governments just trying to survive in a jungle? These fragile governments need our patience, our understanding, and our carefully directed economic aid.

Revolving Door Between Refugee Agencies and Government

Refugee advocate Lavinia Limon says she is "very afraid this country will not have the infrastructure in place to respond to future refugee emergencies in the world" (Security leaves refugees stranded," January 31).

I am afraid she is protesting too much. Refugee agencies have steadfastly refused to use their own resources to maintain the U.S. refugee resettlement "infrastructure." In fact, a program known as the Private Sector Initiative allowed sponsoring agencies to bring over refugees if the agencies were willing to cover costs of resettlement and support. It was discontinued for lack of use in the mid-1990s. Today, the agencies are opposed to diverting federal refugee dollars to overseas refugee assistance for fear it will mean fewer dollars for them.

One result is that we have a heavily welfare-dependent refugee-resettlement program. For example, 19 percent of refugee households have one or more household members receiving a Supplemental Security Income (SSI) check. This is a lifetime cash entitlement granted upon arrival, and at a time when Americans are facing the end of benefits in other, time-limited welfare programs.

The growth of non-governmental refugee organizations, which are little more than government contractors, is fueled by the entry of refugees into the ranks of salaried service providers and lobbyists for future generations of refugees.

Though your story quoted Miss Limon, who is the director of a non-profit refugee agency, it neglected to mention that she formerly was the director of the federal Department of Health and Human Services Office of Refugee Resettlement.

Certainly no other government-dependent industry would have gotten such light treatment by the news media for what obviously is a revolving door between the industry and the federal government.

 Letter to the Washington Times by Don Barnett of Brentwood, Tennessee, February 7, 2002

Osama bin Laden's Man Trouble

Those scary groups of young men

by Lionel Tiger

n outstanding characteristic of the miserable band of insane worshipers responsible for the savage events of September 11 is that they are all male. Virtually all the fist-shakers we see in news clips of anti-American demonstrations in Pakistan and elsewhere are men, too, usually relatively young ones.

What does this have to do with September 11, Osama bin Laden, the Taliban, and the future?

One of the most difficult tasks for any social system is figuring out what to do with its young males. These are invariably the most lurchy, impressionable, energetic, socially exigent, and politically inept members of any group. They cause trouble for their elders and ruthlessly hassle each other. (See the Sharks and Jets of *West Side Story* and the Bloods and the Crips of "west coast story.") They pose chronic danger to public order when they drive, drink, and drug.

Various communities cause their young men to endure a startling and often gory array of harassing rituals and trials in order to become acceptable adults. In his autobiography, Nelson Mandela says that only after his circumcision at the age of 15 did he feel ready to assume the chieftancy he inherited. I have been a so-called "expert" witness in lawsuits on behalf of young men physically abused by fraternity brothers during hazing and initiations: One was turned into a quadriplegic. Often, only when they have made their bones in some grim initiatory expedition are young men able to contemplate the next steps of courtship and marriage.

The terrorism of bin Laden harnesses the chaos of young men, uniting the energies of political ardor and

Lionel Tiger is Darwin Professor of Anthropology at Rutgers University. Among his books are Men in Groups and the recent Decline of Males. sex in a turbulent fuel. The structure of al Quaeda – an all-male enterprise, of course – appears to involve small groups of relatively young men who maintain strong bonds with each other – bonds whose intensity is dramatized and heightened by the secrecy demanded by their missions and the danger of their projects. Like such highly trained and prestigious warriors as the Army's Rangers or the Navy's SEALS, they are screened before they are allowed to earn their stripes in a program of militaristic training in isolated and demanding environments. Selection to the group is

"The terrorism of bin Laden harnesses the chaos of young men, uniting the energies of political ardor and sex in a turbulent fuel."

prestigious. It confers unquestionable, if radical, Islamic credentials and associates them with the tides of history sketched for them in their training. For many, nothing in the rest of their often sorry existence can compare with the authoritative drama of what they hope to do and with the sense of purpose flowing from their commitment to the leaders they accept.

Their comfort in an all-male world begins with the high sex segregation of many of the Muslim communities from which the terrorists draw. While there are great variations among Islamic communities, the sharp tendency is toward sexually segregated societies. Contact between the sexes is tightly restricted by draconian moral codes. Not only are